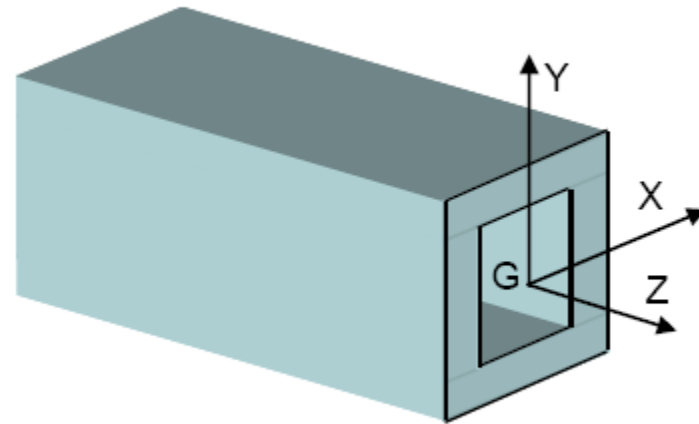
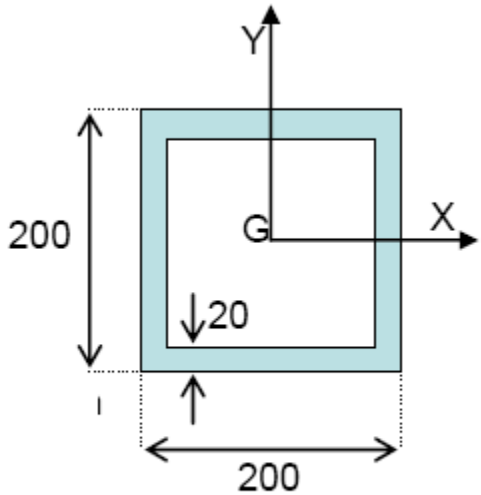


Normal stresses calculation

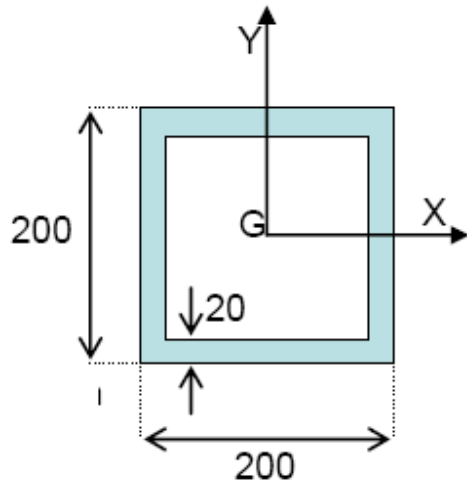


$$N = 2670 \text{ kN (T)}$$

$$M_x = -240 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\sigma_z(y) = \frac{M_x \cdot y}{I_G} + \frac{N}{A}$$

Normal stresses calculation



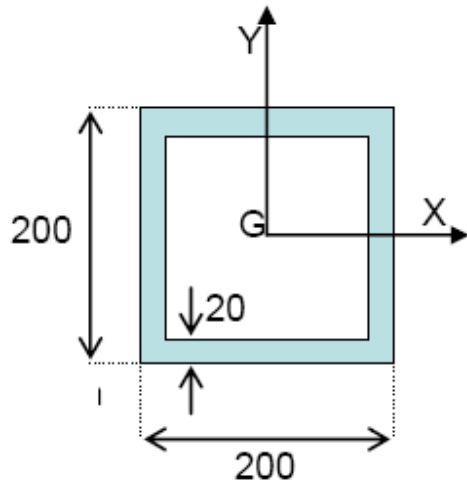
$$y_G = 100 \text{ mm}$$

Inertia calculation using additive properties

$$A = 200^2 \text{ mm}^2 - 160^2 \text{ mm}^2 = 0,0144 \text{ m}^2$$

$$I_X = \frac{1}{12} 200 \cdot 200^3 - \frac{1}{12} 160 \cdot 160^3 = 78,7 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$$

Normal stresses calculation



$$\sigma_z(y) = \frac{M_x \cdot y}{I_G} + \frac{N}{A}$$

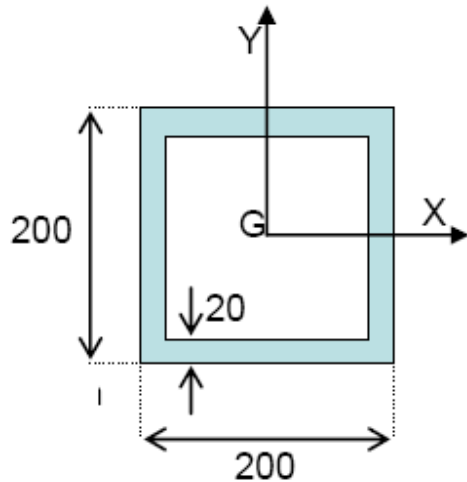
$$N = 2670 \text{ kN (T)}$$

$$M_x = -240 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\sigma_T = \frac{N}{A} - \frac{M_x y}{I_x} = \frac{2670 \text{ kN}}{14400 \text{ mm}^2} - \frac{-240 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N.m.} \cdot y(\text{mm}) \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}}{78,7 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4}$$

$$\sigma_T = 185 \text{ MPa} + 3049,1 \frac{\text{MPa}}{\text{m}} y$$

Normal stresses calculation



$$\sigma_z(y) = \frac{M_x \cdot y}{I_G} + \frac{N}{A}$$

$$N = 2670 \text{ kN (T)}$$

$$M_x = -240 \text{ kN.m}$$

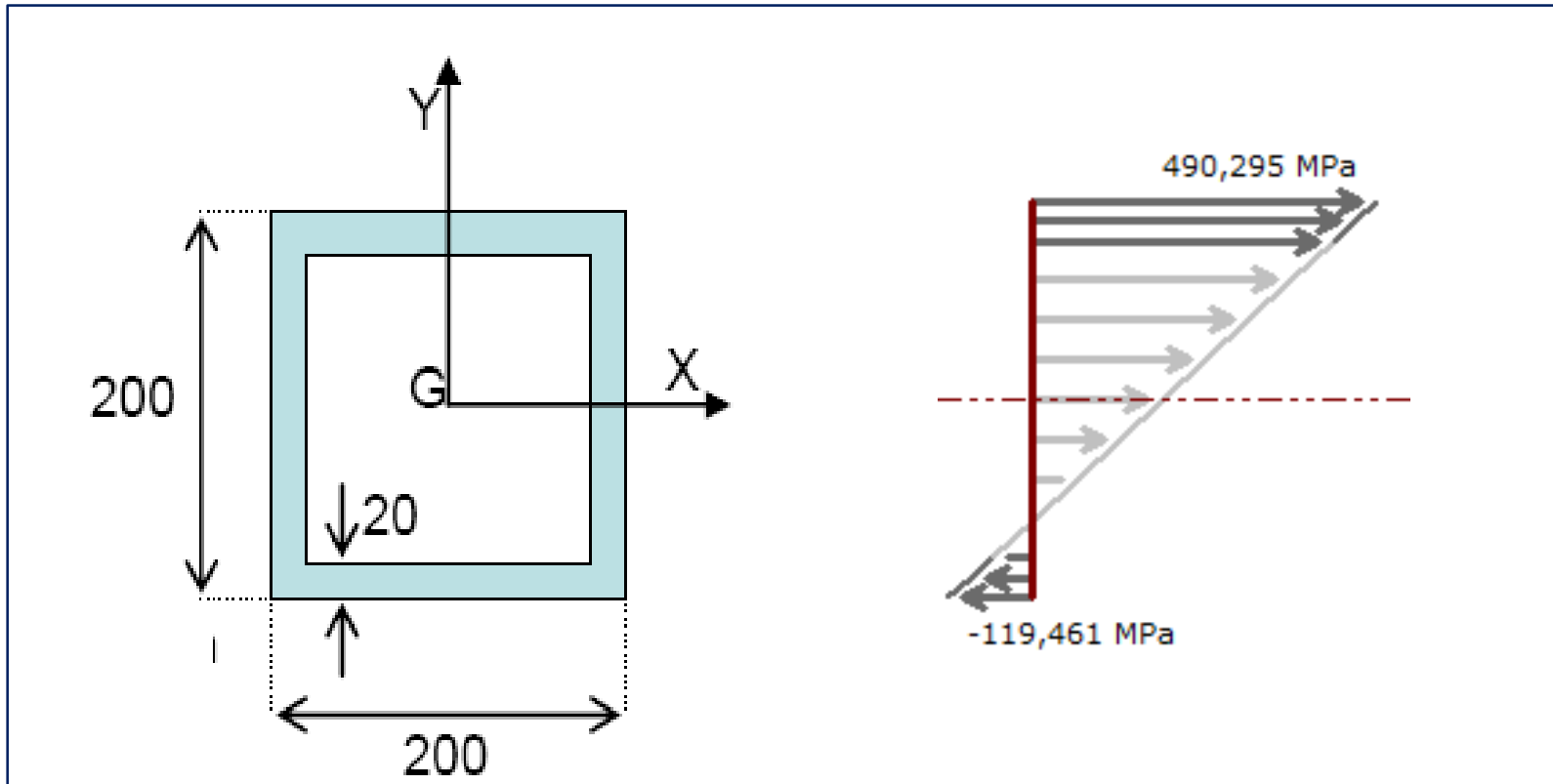
$$\sigma_T = 185 \text{ MPa} + 3049,1 \frac{\text{MPa}}{\text{m}} y$$

$$y = 100 \text{ mm} \rightarrow \sigma_T = 490,2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$y = -100 \text{ mm} \rightarrow \sigma_C = 119,4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$185 + 3049y = 0 \rightarrow y_{fn} = -60 \text{ mm}$$

Calculation of Normal stress



Safety coefficient

Maximum compressive stress = 120 MPa

Maximum tensile stress = 490 MPa

$$\sigma_{\max} \text{ (tensile)} = 700 \text{ MPa} \rightarrow C_{S1} = \frac{\sigma_{\max}}{\sigma_{\text{service}}} = \frac{700}{490} = 1,42$$

$$\sigma_{\max} \text{ (compressive)} = 500 \text{ MPa} \rightarrow C_S = 4,16$$

$$C_S = \min(C_{S1}, C_{S2}) = 1,42$$